

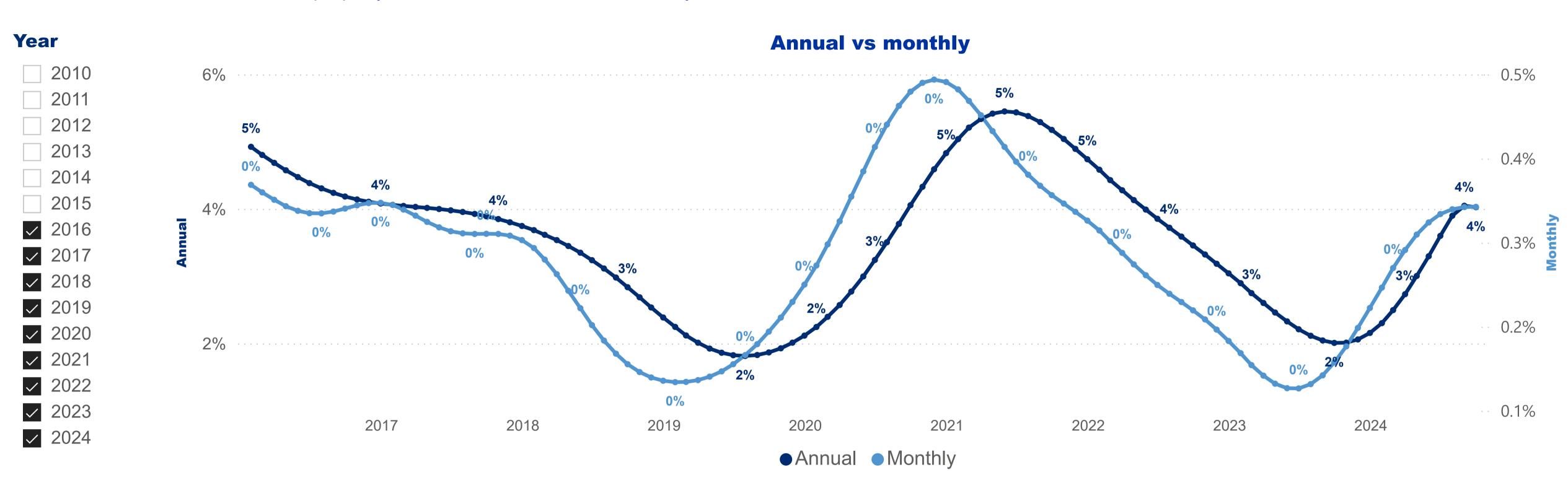
Residential Property Indices

Data as at end September 2024



National property inflation

Current annual property inflation rate is 4.03% and monthly is 0.34%



Market review

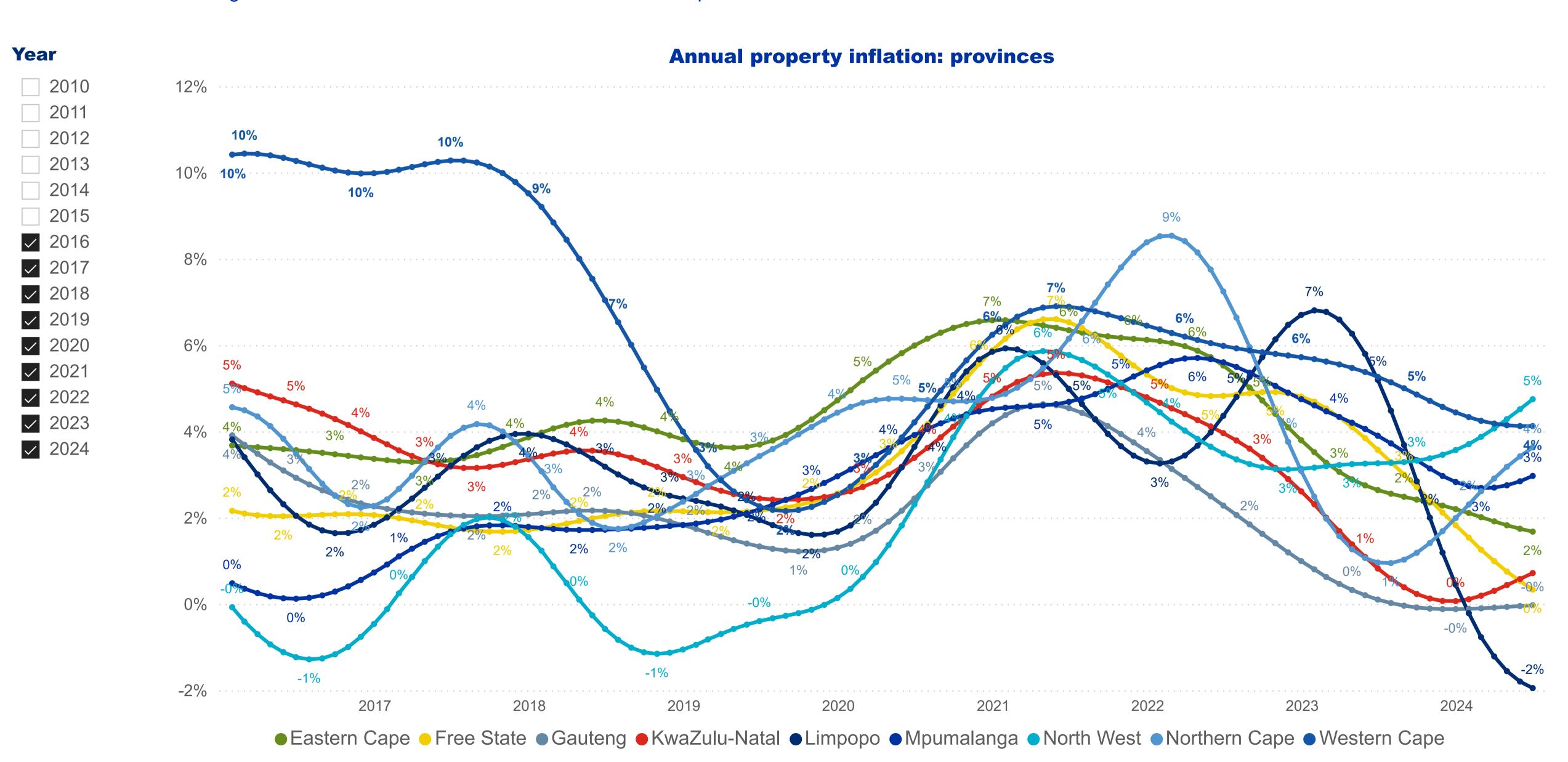
"National year-on-year house price inflation currently stands at 4,03%, showing a slight decrease from the previous month.

On a provincial level, annual property inflation has increased in KwaZulu-Natal, North West, Mpumalanga and Northern Cape while it has decreased in the Free State and Limpopo compared to the previous month. Eastern Cape, Gauteng and Western Cape show no changes remaining the same.

Annual property inflation for the Low-Value segment has decreased to 13,5%, High-Value and Mid-Value properties stayed stable at 3,1% and 4,4% respectively, and Luxury properties also stayed at 4,2%."

Provincial property inflation

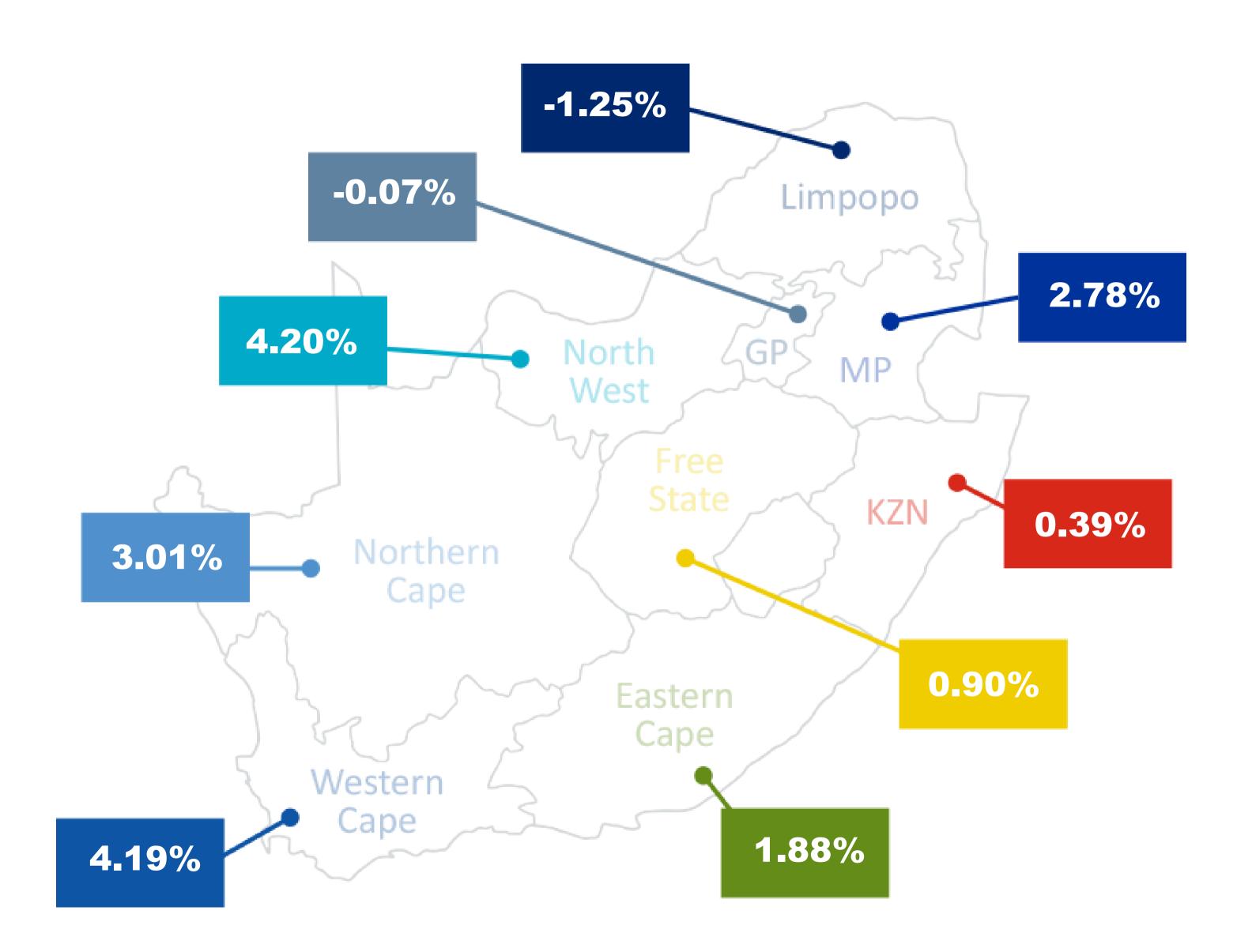
The Lightstone Provincial Index tracks annual inflation of all provinces in South Africa.



Latest / current provincial property inflation status

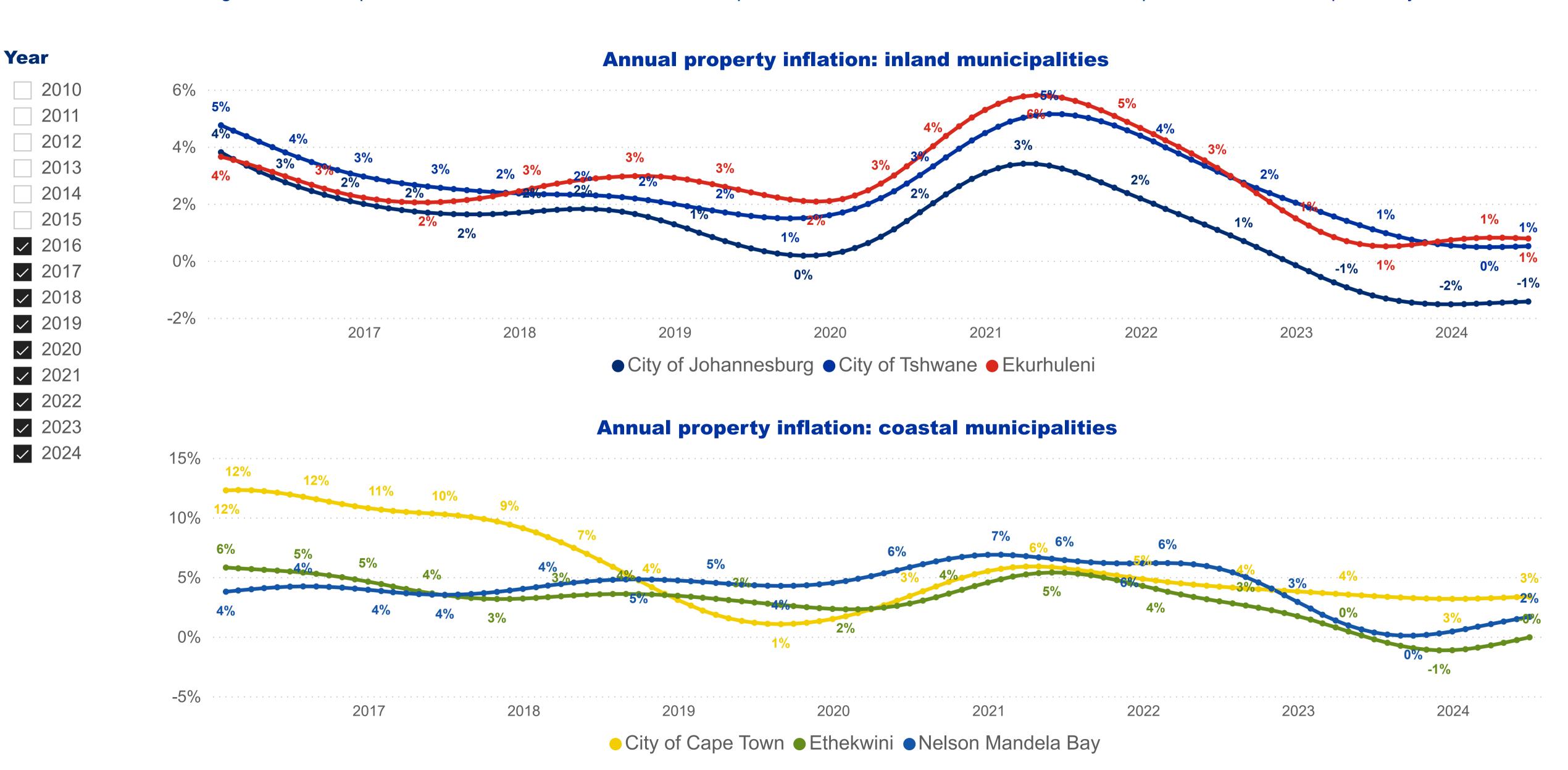
Year, Month

- ± 2010
- ± 2011
- ± 2012
- ± 2013
- ± 2014
- ± 2015
- ± 2016
- ± 2017
- ± 2018
- ± 2019
- ± 2020
- ± 2021
- ± 2022
- ± 2023
- January
 - February
 - March
 - April
 - May
 - June



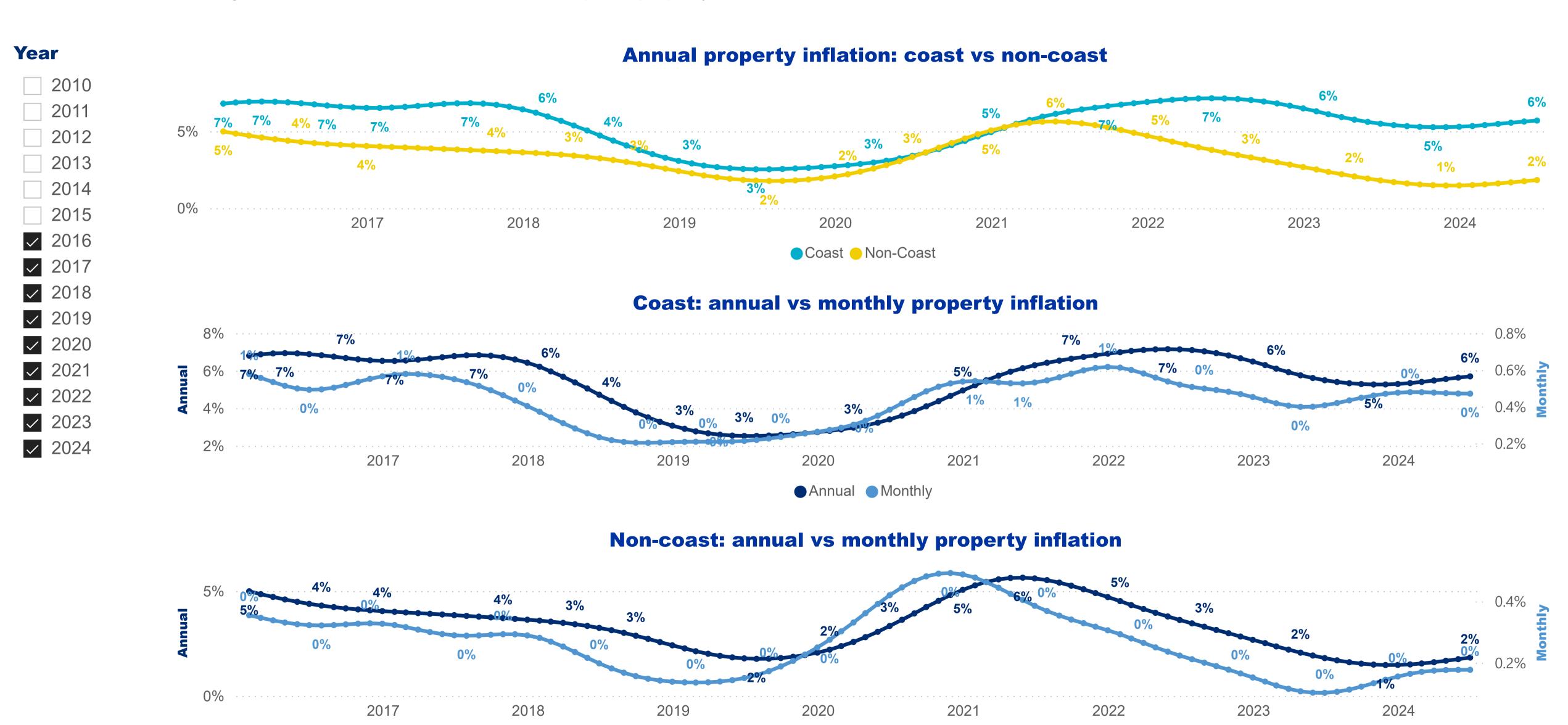
Municipal property inflation

The Lightstone Municipal Index tracks annual inflation at a municipal level, with coastal and inland based municipalities reviewed independently.



Property inflation: coast vs non-coast

The Lightstone Coast vs Non-Coast Index compares property located within enumerator areas 500m from the coastline to those located further inland.



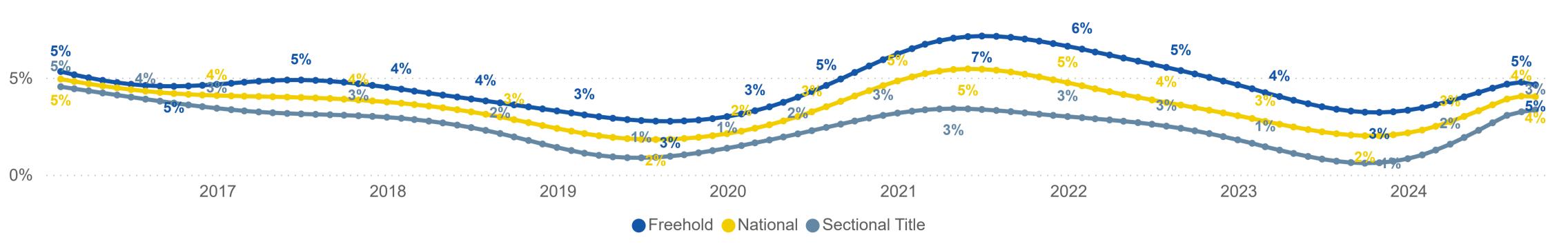
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Annual Monthly

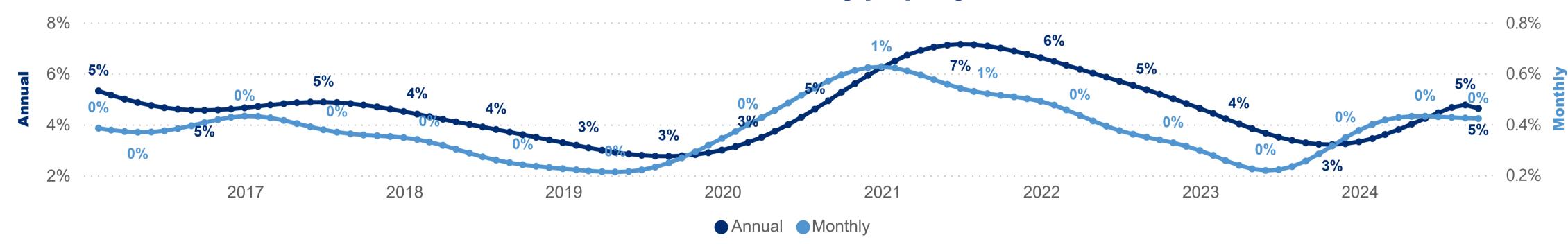
Property inflation: Freehold vs Sectional Title



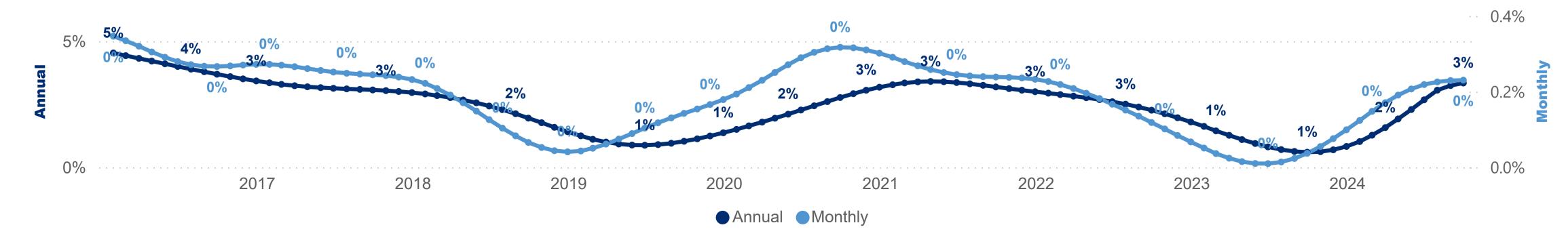
Annual property inflation: Freehold vs Sectional Title properties



Freehold: annual vs monthly property inflation



Sectional Title: annual vs monthly property inflation



Property inflation: value bands

The Lightstone Area Value Bands Index reviews inflationary rates for property based on the following values:

Luxury: > R1.5mil

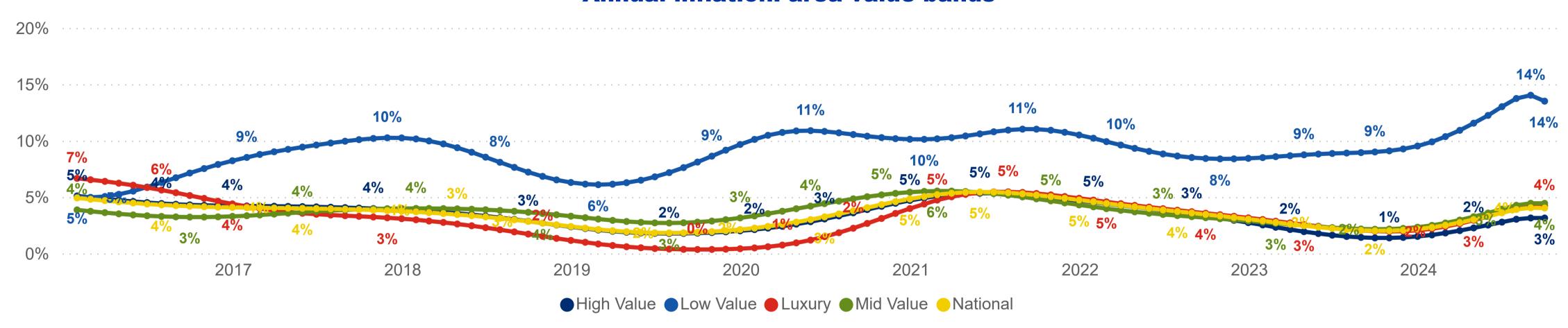
High Value: R700k to R1.5mil Mid Value: R250k to R700k

Low Value: <R250k

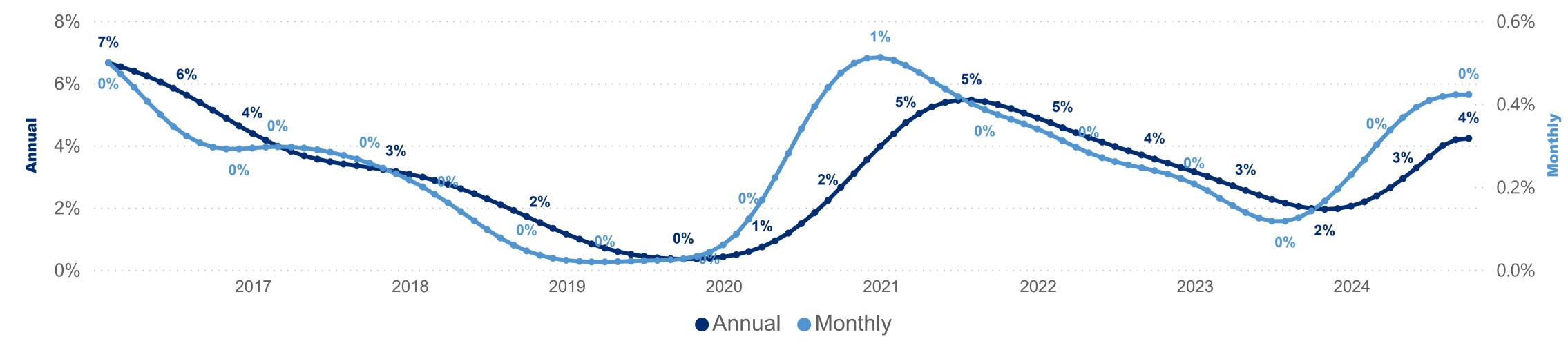
Year

- ___ 2010
- _ 2011
- 0040
- ___ 2013
- ___ 2014
- ___ 2015
- **2016**
- 2017
- 2018
- 2019
- **2020**
- **202**′
- **2**022

Annual inflation: area value bands



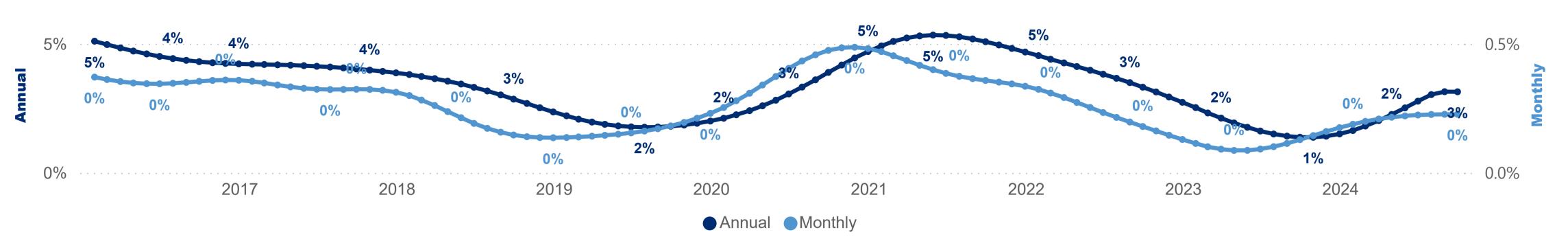
Luxury: annual vs monthly property inflation



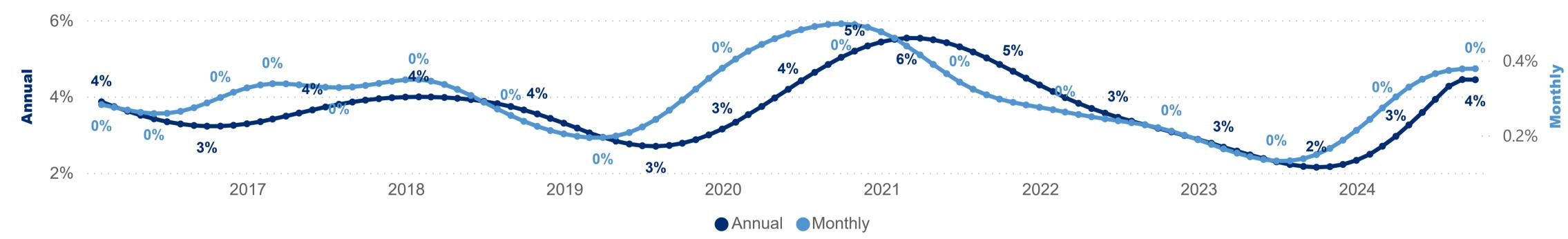
Property inflation: value bands (continued)



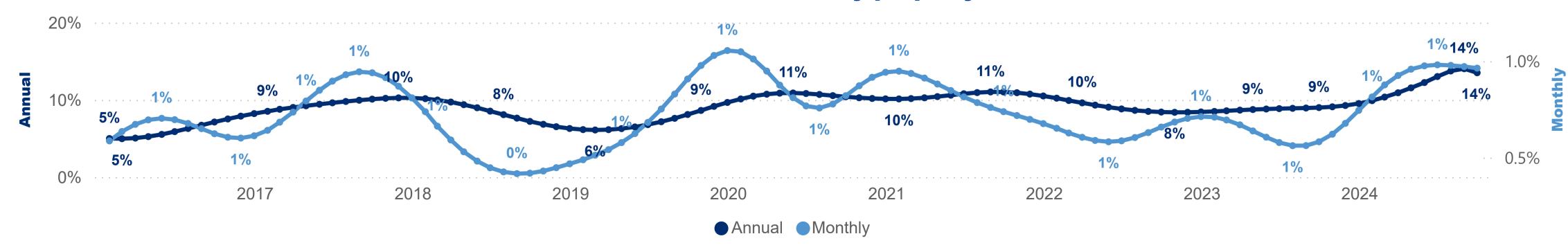
High Value: annual vs monthly property inflation







Low Value: annual vs monthly property inflation



Property inflation table

The Annual Inflation Table (below) provides a long term view of annual rates of inflation for various geographical areas and property types. Please note that historic inflation rates can change as transactions occur that imply price inflation for those periods.

Year

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

2024

Category	Sub-category	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024-Q1	2024-Apr	2024-May	2024-Jun	2024-Jul	2024-Aug	2024-Sep
	National	2.1%	4.9%	4.8%	3.1%	2.2%	2.8%	3.0%	3.3%	3.6%	3.9%	4.0%	4.0%
☐ Area value bands	High Value	2.0%	4.7%	4.7%	2.8%	1.5%	2.1%	2.3%	2.5%	2.8%	3.0%	3.1%	3.1%
	Low Value	9.5%	10.5%	10.7%	9.0%	10.1%	11.8%	11.5%	12.2%	13.0%	13.7%	14.0%	13.5%
	Luxury	0.4%	4.0%	4.9%	3.2%	2.1%	2.7%	2.9%	3.3%	3.6%	4.0%	4.2%	4.2%
	Mid Value	3.1%	5.5%	4.4%	2.9%	2.3%	3.0%	3.3%	3.6%	3.9%	4.3%	4.4%	4.4%
Coastal	Coast	2.8%	4.9%	6.9%	6.4%	5.1%	5.0%	5.6%	5.6%	5.7%			
	Non-Coast	2.0%	5.1%	4.7%	2.7%	1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	1.8%	1.8%			
Municipality	City of Cape Town	1.5%	5.5%	4.8%	3.8%	3.2%	3.2%	3.3%	3.3%	3.4%			
	City of Johannesburg	0.2%	3.1%	2.2%	-0.2%	-1.5%	-1.5%	-1.5%	-1.4%	-1.4%			
	City of Tshwane	1.6%	4.5%	4.4%	2.0%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%			
	Ekurhuleni	2.1%	5.3%	4.7%	1.5%	0.7%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%			
	Ethekwini	2.3%	4.5%	4.3%	1.7%	-1.1%	-0.7%	-0.5%	-0.3%	-0.1%			
	Nelson Mandela Bay	4.5%	6.9%	6.2%	2.9%	0.4%	1.1%	1.3%	1.5%	1.7%			
Province	Eastern Cape	4.7%	6.5%	6.2%	3.7%	2.2%	1.8%	1.8%	1.7%	1.7%			
	Free State	2.5%	5.9%	5.3%	4.9%	1.8%	1.1%	0.8%	0.5%	0.3%			
	Gauteng	1.3%	4.2%	3.5%	1.0%	-0.2%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.0%	-0.0%			
	KwaZulu-Natal	2.5%	4.8%	4.8%	2.6%	0.1%	0.3%	0.4%	0.6%	0.7%			
	Limpopo	1.8%	5.8%	3.2%	6.9%	0.7%	-0.6%	-1.6%	-1.8%	-1.9%			
	Mpumalanga	2.9%	4.6%	5.4%	4.7%	3.0%	3.3%	2.8%	2.8%	3.0%			
	North West	0.1%	5.3%	4.6%	3.2%	3.2%	3.6%	4.3%	4.5%	4.7%			
	Northern Cape	4.4%	4.7%	8.5%	3.0%	1.8%	3.1%	3.2%	3.4%	3.6%			
	Western Cape	2.5%	6.3%	6.4%	5.7%	4.5%	4.3%	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%			
□ ST/FH	Freehold	3.0%	6.3%	6.7%	4.7%	3.4%	3.8%	4.0%	4.2%	4.5%	4.7%	4.8%	4.6%
	Sectional Title	1.4%	3.2%	3.0%	1.8%	0.8%	1.7%	1.9%	2.3%	2.7%	3.1%	3.2%	3.3%

Shining a light on our approach

Methodology:

Lightstone applies the repeat sales methodology when reviewing and reporting on property data. In contrast to 'average house price' indices, repeat sales indices provide a measure of the actual price inflation of houses that have transacted twice within a particular period of time. The main benefit of this is that it is less influenced by the mix of transacting properties. The repeat sales methodology is recognized as the premier methodology for indexing house prices and is used by many international residential property price indexers including the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight (OFHEO) in the United States.

Data:

All property transactions in South Africa are registered in the Deeds Office and each record contains the legal details of both the property and the transaction. For the purposes of the Repeat Sales Index for residential properties, the following transactions have been excluded: farms; any transactions which may be of a development, commercial or community services nature; new developments; sales made in execution of a judgement; non-arms-length transactions; transactions where the inflation is extremely different to the norm of the statistical distribution of inflation rates; and township transactions.

Caution:

Lightstone presents both annual and monthly inflation rates. Monthly inflation emphasises recent market performance (i.e, month-on-month) and is more volatile than annual inflation trends. Conclusions about the future trend of annual inflation, based on monthly inflationary rates, must be made with caution.

Disclaimer:

The Lightstone Repeat Sales Index system applies advanced statistical methods to a comprehensive property database - compiled from the Deeds Office, the Surveyor General and other sources - to generate repeat sales inflation data for individual residential properties. Despite the statistical and actuarial rigour applied, Lightstone cannot guarantee the accuracy and reliability of the data. Furthermore, the index is a statistical tool and does not amount to advice and may not be applicable in some cases. Lightstone does not take responsibility for any losses incurred as a result of any person acting or omitting to act as a result of the publication of this index.

Queries:

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to email us info@lightstone.co.za or give us a call on 0860 106 389